

Leading financial professionalism

MODULE SPECIFICATION

Title:	Offshore Banking Practice	
Credit Value:	SCQF Level 8 / EQF Level 5 SCQF Credit Points 10	
Aim:	To provide knowledge and understanding of offshore practice in the banking industry and develop the practitioner's skills and ability to analyse information, apply principles and make professional judgements and informed decisions.	
Access Statement:	It is recommended that students should have previously studied at SCQF Level 7 / EQF Level 4 or above, or have relevant practical experience in banking or financial services.	
Programmes of study to which unit contributes:	 Certificate in Offshore Practice Associate Chartered Banker Chartered Banker 	
Learning Outcomes:	 Knowledge, Understanding and Skills On completion of this module, students should be able to: Describe the offshore banking market and the key regulatory principles that affect offshore banking activities Explain the importance of International Financial Markets and the significance of these to offshore banking institution and their customers Describe the range of products and services offered 	
	by offshore banks 4. Explain in detail the tax treatment of offshore accounts 5. Explain the principles of creating and administering trusts offshore 6. Analyse the operations of a range of offshore centres.	
Method of Delivery:	Distance learning.	
Assessment:	A restricted response examination consisting of 100 questions undertaken in closed book examination conditions. Candidates must score 60% to be awarded a pass.	

Learning Outcomes, Assessment Criteria and Content

Learning Outcomes	Assessment Criteria	Content
Regulation		
Describe the offshore banking market and the key regulatory principles that affect offshore banking activities	Explain what is meant by offshore banking and how it developed	Development of offshore banking
	Analyse the factors that have led to the expansion of the offshore banking marketplace.	Expansion of offshore banking
	Explain why offshore banking is attractive to certain customers.	Rationale for offshore banking activities
	Describe the types of institution that are active in the offshore banking market.	Types of offshore institutions and markets
	Explain why it is necessary to regulate offshore banking activities.	The need for regulation
	Describe the key regulatory factors that affect offshore banking practice.	Incorporation and licencing
	Describe the difficulties experienced by national and supranational regulatory bodies in attempting to regulate offshore banking activities.	Capital adequacy
		Money laundering
	Explain why banks have to be properly incorporated and licensed. List the principles underpinning capital adequacy and describe the	Risks associated with specific types of financial service
	main features of the systems developed by the Bank for International Settlements.	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
	Explain the role of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development in seeking to regulate offshore banking.	(OECD)
	Define money laundering and terrorist financing, and understand how	Financial Action Task Force (FATF)
	these crimes are perpetrated.	Other relevant bodies

International Financial Markets	Explain the steps typically taken by offshore banks to reduce the risks of money laundering and terrorist financing. Explain the purposes and functions of the Financial Action TaskForce. Explain what is meant by "tax evasion" and "tax avoidance", and distinguish between the meanings of these terms.	International cooperation on taxation UK Independent Report on Offshore Centres
Explain the importance of International Financial Markets and the significance of these to offshore banking institution and their customers	Define a financial market. Describe the key features of money markets. Explain the relevance of money markets to offshore banks and their customers Describe the key features of foreign exchange markets. Describe the key features of the capital markets. Explain the significance of financial markets to offshore banking institutions and their customers.	Money markets Foreign exchange market Relevance of foreign exchange markets to offshore banks and their customers Eurocurrency market Capital markets Relevance of capital markets to offshore banks and their customers Eurobond markets Offshore interbank market and other developments
Products and Services		
Describe the range of products and services offered by offshore banks	Describe the main features of savings and investment products and services offered by offshore banks. Explain the main features of lending products and services offered by	Savings and investments – general characteristics Currency accounts

	offshore banks.	Savings and investment accounts
	Explain the main features of insurance products and services offered by offshore banks.	Lending products
	Explain the purposes and activities of captive companies.	Card products
	Explain how private banking differs from other types of banking	Insurance products
	Describe the market segments and typical profiles of customers who	Corporate services
	utilise the private banking services of offshore banks.	Captive insurance companies
	Explain the range of products and services offered to private banking customers of offshore banks.	Private banking customers
	Explain what is meant by investment portfolio management	Where does offshore banking fit in?
	2. plant mat is meant by investment persons management	Private banking products and services
Total		Investment portfolio management
Taxation		
Explain in detail the tax treatment of offshore	Explain the significance of residential status for offshore banking customers in determining their personal tax liabilities.	Income tax
accounts	Differentiate between the terms 'resident', ordinarily resident' and	The Savings Directive
	'domicile' within the context of personal taxation.	Capital gains tax (CGT)
	Describe how offshore accounts are treated for personal taxation purposes.	Inheritance tax (IHT)
	Describe the provisions of the Savings Directive.	Resident, ordinarily resident and domicile
	Differentiate between income tax, capital gains tax, and inheritance	Remittance basis

	tax.	Double taxation agreements
	Explain how the impact of personal taxes on an individual can be mitigated through the use of offshore banking services.	Mitigating the effects of tax
Trusts		
Explain the principles of creating and administering trusts offshore	Explain what is meant by a trust.	What is a trust?
	Describe the principles of creating and administering trusts offshore.	Trustees
	Explain the purpose and evaluate the benefits of a trust.	Beneficiaries
	Differentiate between different types of trusts.	Purposes of trusts
	Explain the role of trustees.	Types of trust
		Terminology
Offshore Centres Case Studies		
Critically analyse the operations of a range of offshore centres.	Describe the business environment in eight offshore centres.	The Bahamas
	Analyse and evaluate the key benefits for financial institutions and customers doing business in these offshore centres.	The British Virgin Islands
	, and the second	The Cayman Islands
		Guernsey and Jersey
		The Isle of Man
		Luxembourg
		Vanuatu