Chartered Banker Leading financial professionalism			
CHARTERED BANKER 2012 MODULE SPECIFICATION			
Title:	Retail Banking		
Credit Value:	SCQF Level 10/EQF Level 6 SCQF Credit Points 25		
Aim:	To provide an extensive, detailed and critical knowledge and understanding of the legal, practical and philosophical aspects of the retail banking environment and develop the practitioner's skills and ability to synthesise complex issues, evaluate information, apply principles and techniques, and make professional judgements and informed decisions in relevant work situations.		
Access Statement:	It is recommended that students should have previously studied at SCQF Level 8/9/EQF Level 5/6 or above, or has relevant practical experience in banking or financial services.		
Programmes of study to which unit contributes:	Chartered BankerAssociate Chartered Banker Diploma		
Learning Outcomes:	 Knowledge, Understanding and Skills On completion of this module, students should be able to: critically analyse what differentiates retail banking from other types of banking and examine the factors that contribute to the success of a retail bank evaluate the significance of a client-centered approach to retail banking and identify a range of factors that would contribute to the success of a client-centered approach examine the challenges of managing delivery through diverse distribution channels in a retail banking environment and assess the impact of technology on a retail banking operation and its customers assess the significance of the processes and relationships between customer-facing and support roles in a retail banking operation and explain how this impacts on delivery of service to the customer analyse the factors that contribute to the effective leadership and management of a retail banking operation critically review the scope and examine the impact of the current UK and international regulatory environment on the retail banking sector. 		
Method of Delivery:	Distance learning with blended learning support.		
Assessment:	An online, extended response examination worth 70% of the overall result and one summative assignment worth 30%. Continuous formative assessment will be provided in the form of feedback on a draft assignment.		

Learning Outcomes, Assessment Criteria and Content

Learning Outcomes	Assessment Criteria	Content
Retail Banking		
Critically analyse what differentiates retail banking from other types of banking	Identify the various types of banking and critically analyse how retail banking differs from these.	Retail banking v other types of banking
and examine the factors that contribute to the success of a	Examine the factors that contribute to the success of a retail bank.	What makes a retail bank successful
retail bank.	Explain how retail banking has evolved and, based on current trends, create a vision of how it may continue to evolve in future.	Evidence/measures of success
		Retail banking and the world economy
	Identify the factors that contribute to the profitability of a retail bank and explain the measures used to analyse its financial health and operational efficiency.	
	Explain how a retail bank contributes to the world economy.	
A Client-Centred		
Approach Evaluate the significance of a client-centred approach to	Examine the significance of the contractual relationship between banker and customer and outline the rights and duties incumbent on	Client-centred banking.
retail banking and identify a range of factors that would contribute to the success of a client-centred approach.	each party.	The banker-customer relationship
	Compare and contrast a range of retail banking products and services.	Retail banking products and services
	Differentiate between and explain the impact of delivering regulated and unregulated products and services.	Regulated and unregulated products and services; referral process
	Examine the factors that contribute to the successful marketing of	Marketing retail banking products and

	retail banking products and services. Examine the factors that contribute to the successful matching of a retail bank's products and services to customer needs. Identify a customer's retail banking requirements and discuss appropriate products and services that match those needs in a fair, professional and ethical manner.	 services; acquiring customers Establishing customer needs and matching products and services to meet customers' needs Discussing appropriate products and services with customers Retaining customers; managing the customer relationship; referral opportunities; customer reviews Working with customers during difficult times Dealing with complaints
Distribution Channels and The Impact of Technology Examine the challenges of managing delivery through diverse distribution channels in a retail banking environment and assess the impact of technology on a retail banking operation and its customers.	Identify and explain the demands of managing delivery through diverse distribution channels in a retail banking environment. Compare and contrast a range of distribution channels used by retail banks to reach customers. Assess the impact of technology on a retail banking operation and its customers. Distinguish between different methods of money transmission and	Distribution Channels Managing diverse distribution channels Managing the impact of technology Money transmission methods Using systems and processes for

	examine the processes that apply to each method.	customer retention
	Evaluate the significance of systems and processes in creating and implementing an effective customer retention strategy.	
People, Processes and Risk		
Assess the significance of the processes and	Identify the key drivers of outsourcing decisions and discuss the advantages and disadvantages of outsourcing elements of a retail	Jobs in retail banking
relationships and between customer-facing and support	banking operation.	The internal customer
roles in a retail banking operation and explain how this impacts on delivery of	Examine the operational factors that contribute to the effective delivery and maintenance of service quality.	Relationships/collaboration between customer-facing and other colleagues
service to the customer.	Identify sources of risk in a retail banking operation that could impact on both service delivery and profitability.	Outsourcing
		Delivering service and maintaining service standards/quality
		Operational and other risks; risk v reward
		Managing data
		Continuous improvement; refining procedures (as a result of lessons learned as well as pro-active improvements)
Leadership and		

Management		
Analyse the factors that contribute to the effective leadership and management of a retail banking operation.	Recognise and discuss the factors that contribute to the effective leadership and management of a retail banking operation. Identify the main components of a retail banking strategy. Identify a range of key performance measures in a retail banking operation and critically evaluate a range of tools used to assess and manage performance against these measures.	Leadership Management Strategy Leading, managing and coaching teams Measuring and managing performance Leading and managing change
Pequilation		
Regulation Critically review the scope and examine the impact of the current UK and international regulatory environment on the retail banking sector.	Analyse the framework that regulates the activities of the retail banking sector. Identify the implications of the FSMA for individuals operating in the retail banking sector. Examine the new regulatory bodies being established in the UK. Explain the significance of International regulation in relation to retail banking. Explain the key aspects of employment legislation that affect retails operations.	The need for regulation and regulated activities The Financial Services and Markets Act and the changing role of the FSA, FCA and PRA Treating Customers Fairly Banking: Conduct of Business Sourcebook The Lending Code Mortgage regulation Regulatory Bodies (UK &

	International)
	The Consumer Credit Act
	Money Laundering Regulations
	The Data Protection Act
	The Equality Act/Health & Safety at Work/Employment Law